

## Lesson 7: Isaiah 13-14

### Questions

1. What nation does Isaiah pronounce judgment upon (13:1)?
2. Who does the Lord call together and for what purpose does he call them (13:2-5)?
3. What does the day of the Lord (the day of judgment) bring upon the hearts of men and the sinners of the world (13:6-10)?
4. Why does the Lord punish the people of the world (13:11)?
5. What happens to the men, the infants, the houses, and the wives of Babylon (13:12-16)?
6. Who does the Lord use to bring judgment upon Babylon and how do they act (13:17-18)?
7. What happens to the glory, the beauty, and the pride of Babylon (13:19-22)?
8. What does the Lord do for Jacob and Israel and what does he give them when Babylon falls (14:1-3)?
9. What happens to the king of Babylon (14:4-11)?
10. What happens to Lucifer (KJV) or the day-star and why does it happen to him (14:12-15)?

11. What kind of person is this who is being described (14:16-17)?
12. How is this person treated when he dies (14:18-20)?
13. What does the Lord do to the nation of Babylon (14:21-23)?
14. What happens to what the Lord purposes against Assyria and all the nations (14:24-27)?
15. What nation does Isaiah pronounce judgment upon in the year that king Ahaz dies and what happens to this nation (14:28-31)?
16. What is Zion to the afflicted among the Lord's people (14:32)?

### **Digging Deeper**

1. What law was broken that made the people of Babylon sinners (13:9; see 24:5)?
2. What kind of events are being described with the language used in Isaiah 13:10 (see also Ezek. 32:7-8; Joel 2:10; Amos 5:18; and Mt. 24:29)?
3. Who were the Medes and when did they come to Babylon and conquer it (13:17-18)? Where in the Bible is this event recorded and where else in Isaiah and in the Bible do we read about the Medes?
4. What can be learned from Jeremiah 50-51 about Babylon's destruction?

5. Who is Lucifer (KJV) in Isaiah 14:12 (read verses 4 through 20)?
6. What is “the besom of destruction” (KJV) mentioned in Isaiah 14:23?
7. Where in Isaiah has the destruction of Assyria already been spoken of (14:25)?
8. What year did king Ahaz die (14:28; see also 6:1)?
9. What can be learned from Jeremiah 47 and Ezekiel 25 about Philistia’s destruction?

### **Applications for Today**

1. The day of the Lord is a day of judgment. It is a day of the Lord’s wrath and anger upon the sinners and the wicked. It is a day for the Lord’s people and all other people as well (13:5-6, 9, 13; 14:5; Rom. 2:5; 1 Thess. 5:2-3; 2 Pet. 3:10; Rev. 19:15).
2. The Lord punishes nations that are evil, wicked, sinful, and proud (13:9, 11; 14:5, 21; Mt. 24; Rev. 17-18).
3. Prophets, guided by the power of the Holy Spirit, are able to predict the future with detailed accuracy (13:17; Acts 28:25; 2 Pet. 1:20-21).
4. The Lord has compassion on his people (14:1-3; 2 Chron. 36:15; Isa. 49:13; Lam. 3:22).
5. The Lord resists the proud (14:13-14; Prov. 8:13; 15:25; 16:18; Jas. 4:6; 1 Pet. 5:5).
6. When the Lord plans and purposes something, it will come to pass and it cannot be overturned (14:24-27; Job 23:13; Acts 2:23; 4:28; 5:38-39; Heb. 6:17).
7. The Lord rules over all the nations and he will judge all the nations, not just Israel (14:26; Mt. 25:32; Rev. 12:5; 19:15).